





European Quality Assurance in Vocational Education and Training

Supporting the implementation of the European Quality Assurance Reference Framework for Vocational Education and Training

NEMZETI SZAKKÉPZÉSI ÉS FELNŐTTKÉPZÉSI HIVATAL

NATIONAL OFFICE OF VET AND ADULT LEARNING



QUALITY ASSURANCE NATIONAL REFERENCE POINT FOR VET



National Reference and Coordination Centre

European cooperation, national level implementation of European tools:

EPALE National Support Service — https://ec.europa.eu/epale/hu

EQAVET National Reference Point Hungary — http://eqavet.nive.hu/

EUROGUIDANCE Centre Hungary – <u>www.npk,hu</u>

EUROPASS Diploma Supplement – http://nrk.nive.hu

REFERNET Hungary – http://refernet.nive.hu

PIACC: Programme for the International Assessment of Adult Competencies https://piaac.nive.hu/

AL AGENDA: National Coordinators for The Implementation of The European Agenda For Adult Learning 2017-2019

EQF DAT 2016 (project managed by Education Authority / EQF NCP)

Learning By Doing (project managed by Budapest Chamber of Industry and Commerce)





(Re-)Designated in 2010 by the Ministry in charge of VET (today: Ministry for Innovation and Technology)

Main responsibilities (in line with the EQAVET Recommendation):

- Take an actice part in and support the implementation of the work programme of the EQAVET Network.
- Keep a wide range of stakeholders informed about the activities of the EQAVET Network.
- Keep the EU Commission and the Network members informed about the national level developments, activities and the results achieved.
- Take concrete initiatives to further develop the EQAVET Framework in the national context.
- Provide professional support to self-evaluation
- Ensure that information is disseminated to stakeholders effectively.





National EQAVET Expert Network

- Members: 6-8 stakeholders and experts on QA in VET.
- Advising the NRP on the issues related to the national implementation of EQAVET.
- Taking part in professional (development) activities.
- Participating in the awareness-raising activities of EQAVET.
- Representing the NRP in professional bodies, WGs.

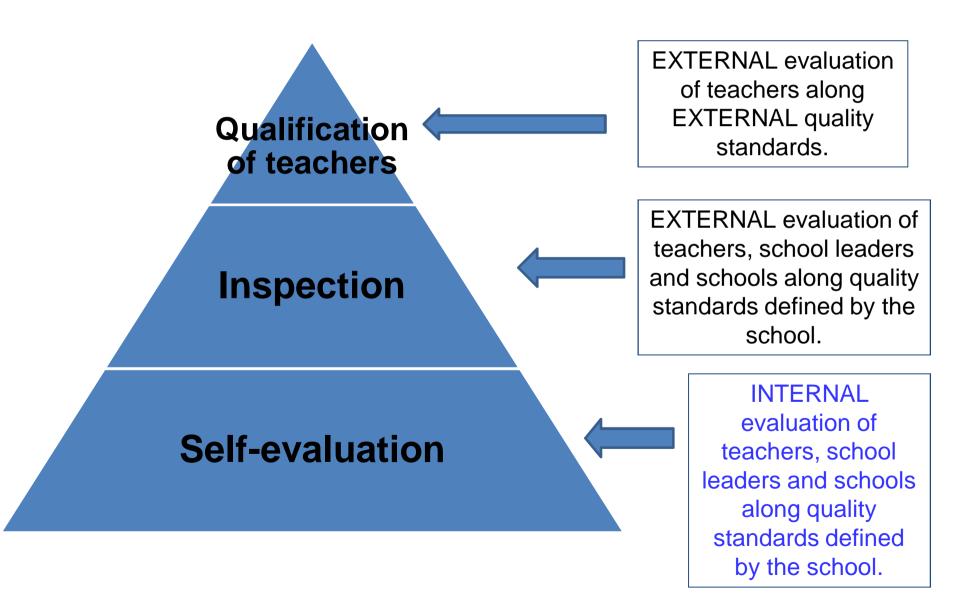
Cooperation with other national networks - co-networks

• Increasing the quality of the co-networks activities – EUROPASS, EUROGUIDANCE, EURODESK, EURES, EPALE, EBSN, EQF, REFERNET – through systematic exchange and dissemination of the valid information among the networks and their stakeholders.

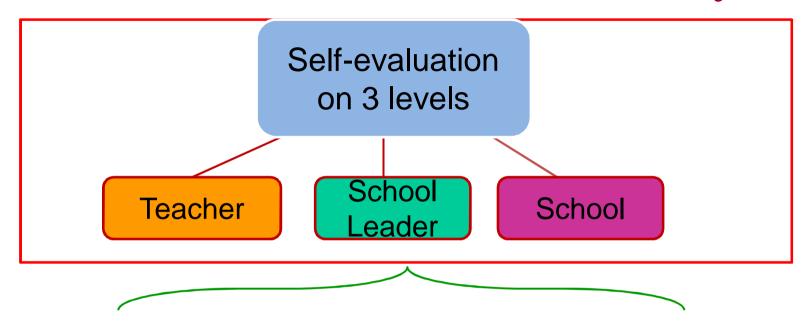
Features of QA in E&T in Hungary

- Quality assurance and quality improvement of education and training is stipulated by law.
- Self-assessment and self-assessment based quality improvement are at the heart of all institution-level quality management activities.
- A series of pilot projects led to a number of innovative models and tools.
- The approaches, methods and tools were developed to respond to the **specific nature of education and training.**
- Striving for organisational Excellence.
- Extensive **external professional support** provided to quality management and self-assessment.
- European dimension, European conformity.

Renewed evaluation framework of general education (2013 -)



Features of the new self-evaluation system



- ➤ General standards of self-evaluation are centrally defined, uniform, publicly accessible, and identical with those of external evaluation (inspection).
- Focus of self-evaluation: teaching and learning, quality (improvement) of pedagogical professional work in schools.
- ➤ Basis of self-evaluation: specific quality requirements defined by the schools themselves along the general quality standards.
- > Self-evaluation is carried out with the involvement of the school's internal and external stakeholders; and benefits from previous self-evaluation practices as well as the knowledge, expertise and experience of the staff.

Structure of the common self-evaluation standard

www.oktatas.hu

Level

SEI F-

EVALUATION

GUIDE

Areas

key descriptors

Self-evaluation criteria

Common quality requirements

Methodology, data collection tools, self-evaluation process to be used

Process of self-evaluation

General, common, centrally defined quality requirements

EQAVET+

Specialised school - specific quality requirements

Analysis of documents

Classroom

Interviews

Surveys

Areas that are outstanding and those that need improvement

Development / improvement / action plans



EXAMPLE: Areas, self-evaluation criteria and quality requirements – SCHOOL LEADER

Altogether: 5 areas, 26 self-evaluation criteria and 62 quality requirements.

Area	Self-evaluation criteria	Common quality requirements EQAVET+ indicative descriptors added
2. Leading and managing change	How does the school leader identify those areas that need improvement?	 Applies procedures for regular monitoring and evaluating the attainment of the goals, objectives set. Regularly identifies/defines strengths and weaknesses (areas for development/improvement) of the school using the outcomes of both self-evaluation and external evaluation.
	How does the school leader create an environment which is open to change and to others?	process of analysing local needs regarding VET and responds to the needs identified.

Indicators used in self-evaluation

- trend analysis of the student numbers by sector and qualification
- student/teacher ratio
- ratio of students taking part in apprenticeship training by sector and qualification
- ratio of students who started and finished the training in a given trade (including disadvantaged groups)
- ratio of students who successfully completed their final vocational exam
- examination results
- results of national competence measurement
- drop-out rate
- results of satisfaction surveys (parents, teachers, students, practical training sites)
- satisfaction rate of employers with the competences of the graduated students
- placement rate of VET school students 6 months after completion of training
- ratio of teachers and trainers taking part in in-service training; amount allocated to staff traning
- number of recognitions received (institutional, team and individual levels)
- number of professional events, demonstrations, conferences organised





Strategic priorities – EU level

- 1. Promoting and supporting the implementation of the EQAVET+ Framework at national level.
- 2. Strengthening mutual cooperation NRPs with each other, NRPs with relevant stakeholders: social partners, VET providers, companies, enterprises.
- 3. Deepening the culture of quality assurance and continuous quality improvement in VET the importance of continuous information and feedback loops.







Activity 1

- 1. Interpretation and **adaptation of** the **EQAVET**+ indicative descriptors and the 10 EQAVET indicators
 - to the Hungarian context,
 - both for IVET and CVET, and
 - for system level and provider level in each field.

Main output: Guidance material

The structure of the EQAVET+ Institutional Model

EQAVET+ indicative descriptors

Interpretation of the indicative descriptors (at VET provider level)

1. PLANNING

European, national and regional VET policy goals/objectives are reflected in the local targets set by the VET providers.

Explicit goals/objectives and targets are set and monitored, and programmes are designed to meet them.

Responsibilities in quality management and development have been explicitly allocated.

Explanatory notes to each indicative descriptor.





Activity 2

2. Testing the adapted EQAVET+ Framework in practice

- 22 VET schools conducted their self-evaluation against the 23 provider level indicative descriptors,
- presented how the specific indicative descriptor is implemented in their school,
- reflected on the compatibility of their own approach,
- thought about possible improvements.

Main output: Methodological guidelines with good practice examples on how to apply the EQAVET+ Framework in preparing the institutional self-evaluation.





Activity 3

- 3. Training for EQAVET users: "Methodological support to institutional quality improvement"
 - 2-day **training** for VET providers,
 - on systematic feedback and continuous quality improvement,
 - to emphasize the importance of the Review Phase of the EQAVET Quality Cycle and of the feedback loops, with a view to monitoring and continuously improving VET provision.

Output: Methodological aid material to support the design, implementation and evaluation of improvement activities ¹⁶





Activity 4

- 4. Developing methodological recommendations for career tracking on VET provider level
 - Research: incentives, practices and experiences of VET schools in tracking of their graduates.
 - Elaboration of the "standard" methodological recommendations for tracking VET graduates.
 - Piloting the methodological recommendations in 7 VET schools.
 - 2 workshops for sharing, disseminating the metodology and the results.





In the next phase:

1. On national level

Continue providing professional expertise and technical assistance to the further specialization of the QA requirements of VET.

2. On Network level

Opening up to other NRP-s and carrying out joint activities (e.g. study visits, joint PLA-s Peer Review, exchange of experience, piloting...).



Thank you for your attention!

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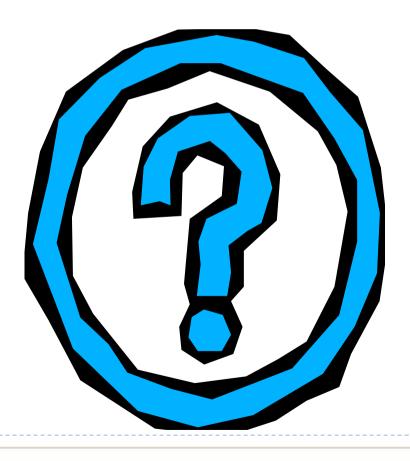
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Questions



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